CHM 106 Exam I Topics

CHAPTER 12: Chemical Kinetics Reaction rates Differential rate laws Method of initial rates Integrated rate laws: 0 order:  $[A] = -kt + [A]_0$ 1<sup>st</sup> order:  $\ln [A] = -kt + \ln [A]_0$ 2<sup>nd</sup> order:  $\frac{1}{[A]} = kt + \frac{1}{[A]_0}$ Half life Reaction mechanisms Collision theory

Reaction progress diagrams Arrhenius equation:

$$\ln k = -\frac{E_{a}}{R}\frac{1}{T} + \ln A$$
$$\ln \frac{k_{1}}{k_{2}} = -\frac{E_{a}}{R}\left(\frac{1}{T_{1}} - \frac{1}{T_{2}}\right)$$

Catalysis

CHAPTER 13: Chemical Equilibrium Law of mass action Equilibrium constant Gaseous equilibria

 $K_p = K(RT)^{\Delta n}$ 

Heterogeneous equilibria Reaction quotient Solving equilibrium problems

 $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ 

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

Low concentration approximation Le Châtelier's principle Changes in concentrations

Changes in pressure/volume Changes in temperature

The equations listed on this sheet will be given (but not identified) on the exam, along with any constants (like R) that you may need.